

Section 7: Nationality and Citizenry

Five Political Statuses

Most of us grew up thinking we were either a US Citizen... or not. And that was that. But did you know that there are actually FIVE different political statuses that people in America can have?

Two of these political statuses pertain to the actual government of this country – the one that is “of the people, for the people, and by the people.” Not the one posing as our government now, which is obviously not of, by or for any people at all.



State Nationals

This is your basic birthright political status before you were misidentified as a territorial or municipal citizen through your birth registration. These are living beings, “people” (lower case “p”) of the Union known as The United States.

State Citizens

These are State Nationals who choose to be involved in their State Government, occupying various Public Offices for the purposes of Self-Government. These are “People” (upper case “P”) or “Lawful Persons” of the Federation of States known as The United States of America. “Standing in the capacity of your Lawful Person” enables you to enforce the contractual guarantees of the Federal Constitutions.



Both “people” and “People” are owed the guarantees of the (three) Federal Constitutions, but only State Citizens can enforce them.



Federal United States Citizen

A true Federal Citizen as defined by the first Naturalization Act. These are Americans who retain their **State National** political status while temporarily working as employees of the States of America, the Confederation of States of States, conducting international business in behalf of The United States of America. They may work on either the land or the sea. Examples of this political status include Continental Marshals (land), United States Marshals (sea), Post-Masters (different from Postmasters) and Coast Guard Admirals.

The next two political statuses are the most familiar to most of us, yet are not what they have sold themselves to be:

U.S. Citizens

These are actually British **Territorial United States Citizens**, which means they are tied to the British Monarch! These are born in territories such as Guam or Puerto Rico, are employed by the U.S. Military, or are dependents of someone in the U.S. Military. These would also include Postmasters and Coast Guard Commandants. Most of us were misidentified as U.S. Citizens through the birth registration process soon after we were born.



“citizens of the United States”

Notice the lower case “citizen”. These **Municipal citizens** include Federal Civil Service and Agency employees (and their dependents), Municipal Employees, or those born in Washington DC. (Yeah, that’s the same Municipal Government of the District of Columbia that is a theocracy run by the Roman Catholic Church doing business as “the” United States!)

Five Political Statuses



State National

Soil Jurisdiction - States of the Union
living “people”
Owed guarantees of the Constitutions

State Citizen

Land Jurisdiction - Federation of States
Lawful Persons, “People”
Can enforce the Constitutions

Federal United States Citizen (American)

Dual

Territorial U.S. Citizen

(British)
Water Jurisdiction
No constitutional protections

Municipal citizen of the United States (Papist)

Air Jurisdiction
No Constitutional protections

Citizenry and Estates

With Respect to the Land and Soil there are only three Estates:

American State National - soil

American State Citizen – land

American State Trust – land and soil assets held in trust for Americans who are temporarily serving as Federal United States Citizens

Federal Employees cannot own land in America (they merely own a “title” to the land, and have to pay taxes on the land). They can only “reside” (as in “resident”) in the States on a temporary basis. If they are Americans temporarily employed as Federal Citizens, their land assets are held in State Trusts during their Tour of Duty or Foreign Assignment.



Citizenry and Constitutional Protections

Federal Employees are not owed any protections under the Constitutions. They are subject to the Constitutions when on the land and soil of the States (That’s why it’s called “The Law of the Land”) meaning that they have to obey and respect the Constitutional Guarantees owed to American State Nationals and American State Citizens, but they have no such protections themselves.

Have You Been Misidentified as a Federal Employee?

Federal Employees

Are foreign with respect to the Land and Soil jurisdictions

Cannot own land

Cannot own physical assets in their own name (gold, silver)

Must obey and respect Constitutional guarantees owed to Americans but have no such protection themselves.

We are taught our whole lives that as Americans we are “free,” and that we have “constitutional guarantees”. What we are NOT told is that U.S. Citizens, and citizens of the United States are NOT free and do NOT have any constitutional guarantees. Yeah, let that sink in... **U.S. Citizens, and citizens of the United States are NOT free and do NOT have any constitutional guarantees!**

Only true Americans - living men and women on the land and soil - are protected by the Constitutions (plural) and **do** have constitutional guarantees.

“But wait,” you say, “I was born an American!”

Yeah... about that...

It is true, if you were born on American soil you were born an American. But unbeknownst to you and your unsuspecting mother, that birth certificate she was forced to sign was a tricky slight-of-hand by the British Territorial government (posing as our government, remember) to claim you as their property. The act of registering something gives away ownership of it. So, once your birth certificate was registered, roughly 2 weeks after you were born, you became a ward of the British Territorial State of State corporation and property of the Queen. This also made you a U.S. Citizen without your consent. And remember, a U.S. Citizen is an “employee” of the British Territorial government. And since the Queen and the Pope have a sweet little deal going, you also became a “citizen of the United States”, a ward of the municipal papal corporation and property of the Pope.

This is why the corporations posing as our government get away with eroding or outright denying our rights – they’ve bamboozled us!



Surprise!

U.S. Citizens and “citizens of the United States” do not have any constitutional guarantees!

They are slaves to the Corporations posing as our government.

Yeah. Yikes.

Your Identity as an American Has Been Stolen

From Article 2296 – “In Very Plain and Simple Words”

1. Your identity as an American has been stolen.
2. You have been deliberately misidentified as a United States Citizen (first) also known as a [British] Territorial United States Citizen, as if you were in the U.S. Military or a military dependent or someone who was born in the “Territories or Possessions” —like Guam or Puerto Rico.
3. Next, you were further misidentified as a Dual Citizen — and saddled with Municipal United States citizenship, too, as if you were a Federal Civil Service Employees or Dependent, too.

...skipping some awesome history here – check out the entire article for all the fascinating details!

23. The British Territorial United States Government runs the United States Military.
24. The U.S. Military came in and set up “temporary” Territorial States of States to replace the original American States of States pending the Reconstruction.
25. These Territorial States of States took over the business functions and providing the services that were supposed to be provided by American States of States.
26. Most people were clueless about this change. Prior to the war there was an entity called “The State of New York” and afterward there was “the” State of New York.
27. By this simple substitution and semantic deceit, our own military under the influence of the British Monarch usurped against our civilian government “of, for, and by” the people of this country.
28. The motive for this is simple— profit and control.
29. They began a process of registering American babies as U.S. Citizens and claiming (falsely) that these babies were of unknown origin abandoned on the “battlefield” and surrendered as wards of their Territorial States of States.
30. They formed trusts in the names of all these children and placed liens on their trust assets—the children and the land and their labor and everything these American children would naturally inherit.
31. All this was done to fund the military via a system of “hypothecation” of debt.
32. Eventually, the military colluded in 1937, via a secret “Declaration of Interdependence of the Governments in The United States”, to share power with the Municipal Government.
33. From then on, BOTH the Territorial (Military) Government which is partially under the control of the British Government, and the Municipal United States Government which is under the control of the Roman Curia, have been colluding to profit themselves at the expense of American babies.



Who am I?

Thanks to actions undertaken by foreign-for-profit commercial corporations masquerading as "your" government, you have been misidentified as a foreigner living in your own country. This misidentification took place when you were just a baby in your cradle, so you could not possibly know anything about it, much less object to it. This resulted in what is called an

"Unconscionable Contract" between you and the Queen's Government, obligating you to act as a British Commonwealth Subject...

... The only public evidence of your existence is a registration..... as a British Territorial U.S. Citizen. So the Queen's Government steps in and claims you as property, copyrights your Proper Name as the name of a British Commonwealth business enterprise, and latches onto all your assets in the name of the Queen.

Anna's "One Pager" on Citizenry

Click here for a printable pdf of this Chart

American State National	State Citizen	Federal United States Citizen	Territorial United States Citizen	Municipal Citizen of the United States
<p>(1) An American State National is either: (1) naturally born on the land and soil of an American State, such as Wisconsin, or (2) after being naturalized as a United States Citizen, is a foreign-born man or woman who voluntarily accepts and publishes their adoption of a specific American State as their permanent home and domicile. A State National is not acting as a citizen of any government and owes no obligations to government beyond keeping the peace and reporting crimes. As a completely unincorporated Person, a State National is sovereign and private and generally immune from prosecution until and unless they take some action that causes actual physical harm to someone else or someone else's property, whereupon they are subject to the Common Law of the County and State where they live or where the alleged crime is committed. A State National can be arrested for cause by peacekeeping officials, but is not generally subject to private courts or to arrest by private law enforcement officers. By definition, a State National is a civilian and an Internationally Protected Person and is owed The Law of Peace. A State National may be elected to Public Office, whereupon they become subject to their Oath or Affirmation of Office for the duration of their term in office. State Nationals are the "people" of each State and populate the National Soil Jurisdiction.</p>	<p>(2) State Citizens are State Nationals who undertake the obligations of Self-Governance in behalf of the State of the Union where they live. They occupy basic Offices of the State Government, most commonly volunteering to act as jurors to serve the Jury Pools of both the Grand and Trial Juries of their State and County Courts. Both State Nationals and State Citizens can take part in Public Elections and may serve as Electors. If deputized or elected to office, State Nationals assume State Citizenship for the duration of their service. State Citizens occupy State and County Public Offices, acting as State Justices, local Justices of the Peace, Sheriffs, Peacekeeping Deputies, Coroners, Records, and other Public Offices, either paid or unpaid. Members of the State Militia are all State Citizens while actively engaged in militia activities. A State Citizen cannot adopt any other form of citizenship while serving as a State Citizen. All State Assembly officers and elected delegates of the State Assemblies are State Citizens. State Citizens are the "People" of their State and the Parties enabled to enforce the Constitutions directly and indirectly through their State's membership in the Federation of States known as The United States of America and the Union known as The United States.</p>	<p>3. Federal Citizens — True Federal Citizens are called United States Citizens and they are considered, while employed by the Federal Government, to be Dual Citizens of their State and work directly for and are commissioned by The United States of America, the unincorporated Federation of States in control of the International Land Jurisdiction of this country and the non-delegated powers owed to the States in the International Jurisdiction of the Sea [Amendment XI]. Federal Marshals, now called Continental Marshals, are civilian peacekeeping officers who work within Multi-State Federal Postal District Service Areas. Federal Postal District Courts are also staffed by United States Citizens. They are all Federation Employees and they enforce the Constitutions and the United States Statutes-at-Large and Public Laws as published on the Congressional Record. Post Masters are another example of land jurisdiction United States Citizens. The members of the Coast Guard and Border Patrols are also technically United States Citizens.</p>	<p>(4.) Territorial United States Citizens are called U.S. Citizens to distinguish between them and United States Citizens. Territorial Citizens are now commonly Dual Citizens of the British Commonwealth and the Municipal United States, though they may opt to claim citizenship from another country entirely. They work out of the District of Columbia to enforce U.S. Statutes that are published on the Federal Register and to perform military and quasi-military and military support duties. The U.S. Marshals are private law enforcement officers hired to police the delegated portions of our international (interstate) jurisdiction. Postmasters are U.S. Citizens, as are members of the U.S. Military Services and their Dependents. These people work for the British Territorial United States Government doing business as "the United States of America" and they exercise some of our delegated powers, especially within the International Jurisdiction of the Sea. While in this status, Americans are not Party to the Constitutions and have no Constitutional Guarantees. Shysters like to pretend that we are voluntarily adopting this political status in order to evade their duties to us owed under the Constitutions and to promote various crimes against our assets and Persons.</p>	<p>(5) Municipal United States Citizens — are known as "Citizens of the United States" and as "U.S. CITIZENS" and include the members of the Federal Civil Service, and officers of the actual Municipal Corporation and its franchises and subcontractors which include the so-called Federal Agencies. These are all employees or dependents of the oligarchic Papist Municipal Government of Washington, DC and the District of Columbia and its STATE OF STATE subsidiaries and they basically work to enforce global commercial law and "federal" regulations. They are Dual Citizens of the Territorial United States [the District of Columbia and Insular States], and "the" United States which is meant to be an instrumentality of and doing business "as" name of the Union of States, but has been usurped and operated under the UNITED STATES CONGRESS as an instrumentality and doing business "as" name of the Municipality of Washington, DC and its Congressional Oligarchy allowed at Article I, Section 8, Clause 17. Shysters like to pretend that we are voluntarily adopting this political status, too, in order to evade their duties to us owed under the Constitutions and to promote various crimes against our assets and Persons.</p>

Bottom Line: If you are not actually employed by a Federal Subcontractor and a not a dependent of a Federal Employee nor a voluntary recipient of unearned Federal welfare benefits nor a political asylum seeker nor a knowing and willing volunteer or paid Agent of the two Foreign "Federal" Subcontractors, you are in fact an American State National or State Citizen. Your earnings are not "Federal Income" and you are not generally subject to Federal Codes and regulations unless you are engaged in the interstate manufacture, sale, or transport of alcohol, tobacco, or firearms.

So, Let's Take a Closer Look at the Differences between American State Nationals and American State Citizens

First of all, it is important to remember that America is made up of Nation States, and your nationality comes from your State. To say that you are an American means that you are a National (or citizen) of one of the States of America.

Second, it is also important to recognize that you are not born a citizen choice. In addition, except for those who are temporarily working as employees in America, the Confederation of States of States (which does not exist right now) citizenship that spans all 50 states. One can only be a citizen of a State. The thing making everyone a "citizen of the United States" was just more truth added to the papist municipal corporation.

But, now that you have returned to your birthright American State Nationality (Yay!), it is important to understand the differences between the two.

The Declaration of Independence

Two of each...

Our States actually offer and include four different possible political statuses: (1) state nationals, (2) state citizens, (3) State Nationals, and (4) State Citizens.

If we wish to operate our states as nations, we drop back to our soil jurisdiction and operate as member states of The United States. At the level of soil jurisdiction we write our states in all lower case (virginia, texas, ohio), so this is where the **state national** and **state citizen** appear.

As a practical matter however, because soil is joined to land, we usually refer only to their "combined estate" of "land and soil" represented internationally by the States, using initial capital letters (Virginia, Texas, Ohio). So when we wish to operate our states as international entities, we operate our land jurisdiction States and operate as member States of The United States of America. This is where we find **State Nationals** and **State Citizens**.

Both the State National and the State Citizen are domestic with respect to The United States, meaning that they exist and function within the borders of the Several States that are members of the Union of States formed by The Declaration of Independence. As a State Citizen and Lawful Person standing on the land and soil of your State, you are subject only to your own government.

Both State Citizens and State Nationals are owed all the constitutional guarantees, but only State Citizens can enforce them. That's why State Citizens are needed and the reason the State Assemblies have been called into Session.

American State Nationals

While it is true that if you were born on American soil you were born an American State National, the fact that your political identity was stolen means that you were moved off the land and into the sea. So we correct our political status to “return” to the land and soil. And there are some requirements to do so.

First, you must be 21 years of age. Second, you must be born on American soil, naturalized, a green Card holder, or if undocumented, have lived here 7 years with no criminal record or dependency on government assistance programs.

To correct your status you must provide a birth certificate, 2 witness testimonies and complete the 1779 Declaration. (*Visit tasa.AmericanStatenationals.org for more information on how to do the paperwork.*)

As a National, your only obligation is to obey the public Law (non-statutory) and keep the peace. You are not obligated to join your Assembly, although you are absolutely free to do so.

American State Nationals cannot hold public office – however they can run for office and, assuming they qualify and win, they then become an American State Citizen.

As an American State National you can vote on matters within your county and state, but you cannot vote on international matters. You can also become an elector on your state. More on that a little bit later.

American State National

Eligibility:

- ☐ 21 years of age
- ☐ Born on American soil, Naturalized, Green Card holder, or 7 years living here if undocumented.

Paperwork:

- ☐ 1779 One Page Declaration
- ☐ Birth Certificate
- ☐ 2 Witness Testimonies

Obligations:

- ☐ Obey the Public (non-statutory) Law
- ☐ Keep the peace

Limitations:

- ☐ Do not hold public office
- ☐ Cannot vote on international matters
- ☐ Can attend and express their views at public meetings only

From Article 3014 – “Orientation for Newbies”

“State Nationals ... are free of any obligation to the State Government except that they are obligated to keep the peace. This means that State Nationals enjoy the protection of the State and the enforcement of their Constitutional guarantees by the State, and so long as they don't harm anyone else or ruin or steal property belonging to others, they are free to live their lives and enjoy the peace.

“For an adult to choose the status of State National usually implies some condition of need. People who are too old or too sick to fully participate, people who have overwhelming burdens at home, people who suffer from mental issues and addictions, people who are working for other governments, and all minors, are owed the status of State Nationals--- and our protection.”

Read the entire article 3014 here [\[Link\]](#)



“If you are not pleased with the way things have gone in the past--
- chalk it up to one thing: you and others like you weren't here,
doing your Public Duty to self-govern. If you think things aren't
happening fast enough to suit you, there's the wheel, Hamster.” –
Anna Von Reitz, Article 3014



Mmmm! Gravy!

“At first glance many Newbies think this means that being a State National is a free ride, all the gravy and none of the responsibility. That is precisely the attitude that got us into the mess we are now trying to correct. We left power-hungry and greedy men at the helm and we see the results of too many good men and women "doing nothing".

From Article 3014 – “Orientation for Newbies,” by Anna Von Reitz

American State Citizens

“There's only us chickens here and the work and the responsibility is entirely on us.” – Anna Von Reitz, Article 3014



An American State Citizen is a State National who **chooses** to step up and serve the State Government in some capacity, such as being a Juror, an elected official or hired officer. Being a State Citizen enables you to enforce the constitutional guarantees that you are owed.

American State Citizen

State Nationals who choose to serve the State Government in some capacity, such as Jurors, Militia Members, elected officials, or hired officers.

Eligibility

- ☐ 21 years of age
- ☐ Born on American soil, Naturalized, Green card holder, or 7 years living here if undocumented
- ☐ Member of the Assembly in good standing
- ☐ No dual citizenship or divided allegiance to any other political entity or government (*Tribal governments, Foreign Nationals, or State-of-State or other foreign government allegiances through BAR registration, Real Estate License, Federal Insurance Agent License, Medical License, Commercial Driver's License, etc.*)

Paperwork:

- ☐ 1779 One Page Declaration
- ☐ Birth Certificate
- ☐ 2 Witness Testimonies
- ☐ Deed of (Re)Conveyance
- ☐ Certificate of Assumed Name
- ☐ Oaths of Expatriation
- ☐ Cancellation of all Prior Powers of Attorney
- ☐ DNA Paramount Claim
- ☐ Foreign Sovereign Immunities Act
- ☐ Paramount Claim of Life
- ☐ Revocation of Voter Registration and election to pay taxes

Obligations:

- ☐ Serve as members of their Assemblies
- ☐ Honorably fulfill their public office duties
- ☐ Enforce the Constitutions

(From 2492) Most State Nationals have the option to change their minds and become State Citizens by "electing" to do so, a matter of declaring this decision to the State Recording Secretary and meeting the qualifications.

However, taking on this role of self-governance is a big responsibility – and therefore comes with some important limitations.

Our Founders adhered to the principle that “no man can serve two masters” and did not allow conflicted people (people with conflicts of interest, such as loyalty to the King) to participate in State Government. This means that a State Citizen can hold no dual citizenships or divided allegiances to any other political entity or government.

From Article 2492 – “Assembly Administration Questions and Covid 19”

A **State Citizen** holds a unique allegiance to their State of the Union, so as to guarantee as much as possible, no conflicts of interest on their part. Unique means "singular". While participating as a State Citizen and acting as a member of a State Assembly you may not hold any other allegiance to any other government. Period. This prohibition applies to Tribal Governments, State of State governments, the U.S. Federal Citizenships, and more obviously foreign governments, like England, Germany, and France.

Obviously, new immigrants can release their citizenship obligations to their old country via renunciation, can adopt a State under the appropriate requirements, and may then elect to function as State Citizens. Obviously, too, when men retire from active and reserve duty in the military and serve Notice to their branch Commander that they are returning "home" to their birthright political status, they are freed from the obligations of U.S. Citizenship and may then opt to act as State Citizens. The same goes for Federal Civil Service Employees, for example, Postal workers---- they are welcome to preserve their rights and protections as American State Nationals now, but they can't participate as State Citizens until they quit or retire from their Federal jobs.

The only other "category" of political status that is problematic in any way, is those who are in transit --- if you are in the process of moving from state to state, your participation is limited to being a State National until you settle down again.

Other Divided Allegiances

It is also important to note that holding certain licenses also creates a divided allegiance. For example, being a member of the BAR Association (and carrying the title of Esquire, as many practicing attorneys do) makes one a subject of the Queen. Medical licenses, Real Estate ("Royal Estate") Licenses and Commercial Driver's Licenses create allegiances to the British Territorial Government. A Federal insurance Agent's license creates an allegiance to the Papist Municipal Government. A State National holding any of these licenses cannot serve as a State Citizen.

State Nationals, State Citizens and Electors

From Article 1566 – "For All The State Jural Assemblies - 25 State Electors, State Nationals, and State Citizens," By Anna Von Reitz

State Nationals = everyone born within the physical geographical borders of a State. A National has no particular duty to serve the State other than to obey the Public Law (Non-Statutory Law) and keep the peace.

State Citizens = those State Nationals who additionally choose to serve the State Government in some capacity, such as Jurors, Militia Members, elected officials, or hired officers.

State Electors = those State Nationals who own land in the State and meet other requirements such as legal age, etc., to participate in State Elections.

Only One form of Citizenship

✍

Our States of the Union allow only one (1) form of Citizenship and that is State Citizenship. No Federal Citizenship at all. Ever.

The actual States don't recognize Dual Citizenship. You are either a Minnesotan or you are not.

The land and soil jurisdiction States require us to have a single citizenship and allegiance --- to them. They don't allow any form of Dual Citizenship and never have.

The Founders adhered to the principle that "no man can serve two masters" and did not allow conflicted people (people with conflicts of interest, such as loyalty to the King) to participate in State Government.

Taken from Teri's "State Citizenship" word doc – from what article?

You can be either: (1) a State National or (2) a State Citizen.

Being a State National or a State Citizen does not necessarily mean that you qualify to be a State Elector. You can be part of the State Jural Assembly and serve as a Juror without being a State Elector. You can be elected to a Public Office, such as Sheriff, without being able to vote for yourself. This is because of the pesky issue of letting non-landowners vote on questions that only affect landowners, and therefore the requirement that State Electors be landowners.



Hungry for more great info about Citizenry?

Article 1566 – “For All The State Jural Assemblies - 25 State Electors, State Nationals, and State Citizens”

Article 2315 “Five Different Political Statuses - One Country”

Article 2375 - “Five Different Political Statuses, Five different Estates”

Article 2492 – “Assembly Administration Questions and Covid 19”

Article 3014 - “Orientation for Newbies”